

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

3-(6-Bromo-4-oxo-4H-chromen-3-yl)-
3,4-dihydro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine-
1,1-dioneMariya al-Rashida,^{a‡} Saeed Ahmad Nagra,^a Islam Ullah
Khan,^b George Kostakis^c and Ghulam Abbas^{a*}^aInstitute of Chemistry, University of the Punjab, Lahore, Pakistan, ^bDepartment of Chemistry, Government College University, Lahore, Pakistan, and ^cInstitute of Inorganic Chemistry, Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, D-76133 Karlsruhe, Germany

Correspondence e-mail: abbas191@gmail.com

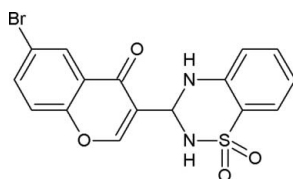
Received 15 October 2010; accepted 1 November 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; R factor = 0.046; wR factor = 0.103; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.4.

The molecular structure of the title compound, $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{11}\text{BrN}_2\text{O}_4\text{S}$, is very similar to that of the previously reported fluoro analogue [al-Rashida *et al.* (2010). *Acta Cryst. E* **66**, o2707]. The mean planes of the bicyclic chromone system and the benzene ring of the benzothiadiazine derivative make a dihedral angle of $58.23(8)^\circ$. An intramolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bond occurs. In the crystal, molecules are linked into layers by $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, generating an infinite two-dimensional network.

Related literature

For background to the importance of the 1,2,4-benzothiadiazine-1,1-dioxide ring system in pharmaceutical and medicinal chemistry, see: Zhu *et al.* (2005); Kamal *et al.* (2007a). For a survey on the antimicrobial activity of benzothiadiazine derivatives, see: Di Bella *et al.* (1983); Kamal *et al.* (2007a,b). The sulfonamide group is an active pharmacophore, see: Weisman & Brown (1964). For related structures, see: al-Rashida *et al.* (2009, 2010).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{11}\text{BrN}_2\text{O}_4\text{S}$ $M_r = 407.24$ [‡] Additional corresponding author, e-mail: maria_al_rashida@hotmail.com.

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
 $a = 7.0778(4)$ Å
 $b = 8.6070(6)$ Å
 $c = 25.6290(16)$ Å
 $\beta = 94.607(3)^\circ$
 $V = 1556.24(17)$ Å³

$Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 2.80$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 296$ K
 $0.28 \times 0.28 \times 0.22$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector
 diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Bruker, 2007)
 $T_{\min} = 0.475$, $T_{\max} = 0.540$

17309 measured reflections
 3873 independent reflections
 1969 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.058$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.103$
 $S = 0.98$
 3873 reflections
 223 parameters
 2 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of
 independent and constrained
 refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.50$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.51$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N4}-\text{H4A}\cdots\text{O4}$	0.79 (3)	2.59 (3)	2.987 (3)	113 (3)
$\text{N4}-\text{H4A}\cdots\text{O3}^i$	0.79 (3)	2.23 (3)	2.999 (3)	164 (3)
$\text{C13}-\text{H13}\cdots\text{O3}^i$	0.93	2.54 (1)	3.314 (4)	141 (1)
$\text{N2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{O2}$	0.84 (2)	2.67 (3)	3.222 (4)	124 (2)
$\text{C2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{O2}$	0.93	2.41 (1)	3.330 (4)	169 (1)
$\text{N2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{O4}$	0.84 (2)	2.12 (3)	2.903 (4)	154 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $x - 1, y, z$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997) and Mercury (Macrae *et al.*, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

The authors acknowledge the Higher Education Commission (HEC), Islamabad, Pakistan, for financial and GCU, Lahore, for technical support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZQ2069).

References

- al-Rashida, M., Nagra, S. A., Khan, I. U., Kostakis, G. & Abbas, G. (2010). *Acta Cryst. E* **66**, o2707.
 al-Rashida, M., Tahir, M. N., Nagra, S. A., Imran, M. & Iqbal, J. (2009). *Acta Cryst. E* **65**, o1818–o1819.
 Bruker (2007). APEX2, SAINT and SADABS. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
 Di Bella, M., Monzani, A., Andrisano, M. G., Fabio, U. & Quaglio, G. P. (1983). *Farmaco*, **38**, 466–472.
 Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 565.
 Kamal, A., Ahmed, S. K., Reddy, K. S., Khan, M. N. A., Shetty, R. V. C. R. N. C., Siddhardha, B., Murty, U. S. N., China, A. & Nagaraja, V. (2007a). *Lett. Drug Des. Discov.* **4**, 550–556.

- Kamal, A., Khan, M. N. A., Reddy, K. S., Rohini, K., Sastry, G. N., Sateesh, B. & Sridhar, B. (2007b). *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **17**, 5400–5405.
- Macrae, C. F., Edgington, P. R., McCabe, P., Pidcock, E., Shields, G. P., Taylor, R., Towler, M. & van de Streek, J. (2006). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **39**, 453–457.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
- Weisman, R. A. & Brown, G. M. (1964). *J. Biol. Chem.* **239**, 326–331.
- Westrip, S. P. (2010). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **43**, 920–925.
- Zhu, Z., Zhu, S., Liu, D., Cao, T., Wang, L. & Tepel, M. (2005). *Hypertension*, **45**, 233–239.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o3081-o3082 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810044648]

3-(6-Bromo-4-oxo-4*H*-chromen-3-yl)-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine-1,1-dione

M. al-Rashida, S. A. Nagra, I. U. Khan, G. Kostakis and G. Abbas

Comment

The 1,2,4-benzothiadiazine-1,1-dioxide ring system is of considerable importance in medicinal and pharmaceutical chemistry (Zhu *et al.*, 2005; Kamal *et al.*, 2007*a*). Novel products from reactions of 4- and 2-aminobenzenesulfonamide with 6-(un)substituted-4-oxo-4*H*-1-benzopyran-3-carboxaldehyde have already been reported by us (Mariya-al-Rashida *et al.*, 2009, 2010). In continuation of our project, the crystal structure of the title compound is reported here (Fig. 1).

In the crystal structure, the two rings of the chromone system (Br1, O1, O4, C2—C10) are coplanar making a dihedral angle of 1.0 (2)°. The carbon atom C11 deviates from the mean plane of the chromone ring by 0.016 (4) Å. The phenyl ring (C12—C17) of the benzothiadiazine moiety and the atoms S1, N4 and C11 are almost planar as well (rms deviation = 0.007) and make a dihedral angle of 58.23 (8)° with the mean plane of the bicyclic chromone system. The crystal structure is stabilized by intra- and intermolecular N—H···O and C—H···O hydrogen bonds which link the molecules into an infinite two-dimensional network (Fig. 2).

Experimental

A solution of 2-aminobenzenesulfonamide (1.0 mmol) in 10 ml ethanol was slowly added to the stirred solution of 6-bromo-4-oxo-4*H*-1-benzopyran-3-carboxaldehyde (1.0 mmol) containing catalytic amount of *p*-toluene sulfonic acid (*p*-TsOH) and refluxed for 3 hrs. The resulting product was isolated by filtration, washed with ethanol, dried and recrystallized from hot ethanol and acetone (1:1) (yield 77%, m.p. 496 K).

Refinement

The H atoms attached to N were located in a difference Fourier map and their coordinates were refined, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N})$. The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically with C—H = 0.93 and 0.98 Å for aromatic and methine H atoms, respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

Figures

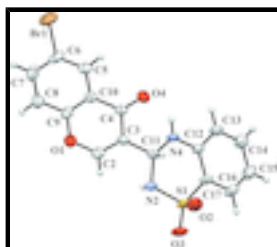


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

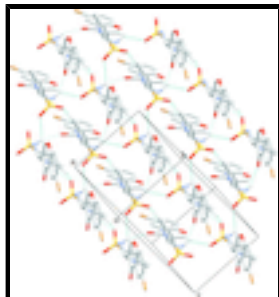


Fig. 2. A packing diagram of the title compound showing hydrogen bonds as dashed lines.

3-(6-Bromo-4-oxo-4H-chromen-3-yl)-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,2,4- benzothiadiazine-1,1-dione

Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{11}BrN_2O_4S$

$M_r = 407.24$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol: -P 2yn

$a = 7.0778$ (4) Å

$b = 8.6070$ (6) Å

$c = 25.6290$ (16) Å

$\beta = 94.607$ (3)°

$V = 1556.24$ (17) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 816$

$D_x = 1.738$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2932 reflections

$\theta = 3.1$ – 22.1 °

$\mu = 2.80$ mm⁻¹

$T = 296$ K

Needle, white

$0.28 \times 0.28 \times 0.22$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite

phi and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2007)

$T_{\min} = 0.475$, $T_{\max} = 0.540$

17309 measured reflections

3873 independent reflections

1969 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.058$

$\theta_{\max} = 28.4$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 1.6$ °

$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$k = -11 \rightarrow 8$

$l = -34 \rightarrow 34$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$

$wR(F^2) = 0.103$

$S = 0.98$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0423P)^2 + 0.1442P]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

3873 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
223 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.50 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
2 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.51 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	1.22103 (10)	0.73566 (10)	0.31055 (3)	0.0337 (2)
O2	1.2394 (3)	0.5717 (3)	0.30708 (9)	0.0463 (6)
O3	1.3885 (3)	0.8294 (3)	0.31425 (9)	0.0465 (6)
N2	1.0884 (3)	0.7953 (3)	0.25943 (10)	0.0287 (6)
H2A	1.085 (4)	0.893 (3)	0.2592 (12)	0.034*
N4	0.8018 (3)	0.7790 (4)	0.30189 (10)	0.0371 (7)
H4A	0.690 (4)	0.780 (4)	0.3005 (13)	0.045*
Br1	-0.00741 (5)	0.67254 (5)	0.060030 (16)	0.06277 (19)
C5	0.3194 (4)	0.7029 (4)	0.13029 (13)	0.0350 (8)
H5	0.2622	0.6278	0.1498	0.042*
C6	0.2305 (5)	0.7577 (4)	0.08503 (13)	0.0403 (9)
C7	0.3086 (5)	0.8725 (4)	0.05590 (14)	0.0455 (9)
H7	0.2429	0.9099	0.0256	0.055*
C8	0.4824 (5)	0.9304 (4)	0.07182 (13)	0.0424 (9)
H8	0.5374	1.0068	0.0523	0.051*
C9	0.5766 (4)	0.8743 (4)	0.11749 (12)	0.0324 (8)
O1	0.7509 (3)	0.9378 (3)	0.13110 (8)	0.0398 (6)
C10	0.4984 (4)	0.7614 (4)	0.14695 (12)	0.0287 (7)
C4	0.6000 (4)	0.7086 (4)	0.19593 (12)	0.0286 (8)
O4	0.5369 (3)	0.6116 (3)	0.22456 (9)	0.0395 (6)
C3	0.7845 (4)	0.7819 (4)	0.20758 (12)	0.0272 (7)
C2	0.8469 (4)	0.8871 (4)	0.17524 (12)	0.0347 (8)
H2	0.9665	0.9291	0.1838	0.042*
C11	0.8977 (4)	0.7310 (4)	0.25680 (12)	0.0289 (7)
H11	0.9066	0.6174	0.2568	0.035*
C12	0.8888 (4)	0.7966 (4)	0.35104 (12)	0.0295 (8)
C13	0.7836 (4)	0.8366 (4)	0.39290 (13)	0.0372 (8)
H13	0.6531	0.8494	0.3871	0.045*
C14	0.8682 (5)	0.8573 (4)	0.44190 (14)	0.0431 (9)

supplementary materials

H14	0.7942	0.8825	0.4691	0.052*
C16	1.1691 (5)	0.8056 (4)	0.41215 (13)	0.0402 (9)
H16	1.2999	0.7964	0.4183	0.048*
C15	1.0631 (5)	0.8417 (4)	0.45229 (14)	0.0445 (9)
H15	1.1196	0.8557	0.4860	0.053*
C17	1.0843 (4)	0.7823 (4)	0.36172 (12)	0.0291 (8)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0158 (4)	0.0421 (6)	0.0427 (5)	0.0059 (4)	-0.0002 (4)	-0.0004 (4)
O2	0.0393 (14)	0.0381 (15)	0.0622 (17)	0.0148 (11)	0.0081 (12)	0.0055 (12)
O3	0.0160 (11)	0.0624 (17)	0.0608 (16)	-0.0034 (11)	0.0001 (11)	-0.0038 (13)
N2	0.0172 (13)	0.0291 (15)	0.0393 (16)	-0.0005 (12)	0.0005 (12)	0.0016 (14)
N4	0.0121 (12)	0.070 (2)	0.0293 (16)	0.0004 (14)	0.0002 (13)	-0.0041 (14)
Br1	0.0358 (2)	0.0836 (4)	0.0653 (3)	-0.0100 (2)	-0.01830 (19)	-0.0107 (2)
C5	0.0287 (17)	0.035 (2)	0.040 (2)	-0.0072 (15)	-0.0010 (16)	-0.0056 (17)
C6	0.0290 (19)	0.049 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.0009 (17)	-0.0140 (16)	-0.0148 (18)
C7	0.051 (2)	0.046 (2)	0.037 (2)	-0.0006 (19)	-0.0116 (18)	0.0050 (18)
C8	0.047 (2)	0.042 (2)	0.036 (2)	-0.0048 (18)	-0.0029 (18)	0.0077 (17)
C9	0.0332 (18)	0.032 (2)	0.0313 (19)	-0.0038 (15)	-0.0044 (15)	-0.0040 (16)
O1	0.0367 (13)	0.0447 (15)	0.0367 (14)	-0.0182 (11)	-0.0056 (11)	0.0071 (11)
C10	0.0283 (17)	0.0265 (19)	0.0309 (18)	-0.0002 (14)	0.0009 (15)	-0.0027 (15)
C4	0.0250 (17)	0.0269 (19)	0.0338 (19)	-0.0007 (14)	0.0014 (15)	-0.0058 (16)
O4	0.0347 (13)	0.0426 (14)	0.0406 (14)	-0.0153 (11)	-0.0015 (11)	0.0104 (12)
C3	0.0219 (16)	0.0315 (19)	0.0286 (17)	-0.0038 (14)	0.0034 (14)	-0.0041 (15)
C2	0.0283 (18)	0.040 (2)	0.035 (2)	-0.0090 (16)	-0.0022 (16)	-0.0028 (17)
C11	0.0171 (15)	0.0334 (19)	0.0361 (19)	-0.0019 (14)	0.0027 (14)	-0.0035 (15)
C12	0.0190 (15)	0.038 (2)	0.0303 (18)	0.0018 (14)	-0.0024 (14)	-0.0023 (15)
C13	0.0213 (16)	0.052 (2)	0.038 (2)	0.0039 (16)	0.0010 (15)	-0.0052 (18)
C14	0.039 (2)	0.051 (2)	0.039 (2)	0.0055 (17)	0.0017 (17)	-0.0085 (18)
C16	0.0257 (18)	0.048 (2)	0.044 (2)	0.0029 (16)	-0.0094 (17)	-0.0032 (18)
C15	0.044 (2)	0.054 (3)	0.033 (2)	0.0006 (18)	-0.0092 (17)	-0.0068 (18)
C17	0.0167 (15)	0.0338 (19)	0.0363 (19)	0.0029 (13)	-0.0010 (14)	-0.0017 (15)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

S1—O2	1.421 (2)	C9—C10	1.375 (4)
S1—O3	1.431 (2)	O1—C2	1.345 (4)
S1—N2	1.632 (3)	C10—C4	1.468 (4)
S1—C17	1.738 (3)	C4—O4	1.219 (3)
N2—C11	1.456 (4)	C4—C3	1.459 (4)
N2—H2A	0.84 (2)	C3—C2	1.327 (4)
N4—C12	1.365 (4)	C3—C11	1.504 (4)
N4—C11	1.446 (4)	C2—H2	0.9300
N4—H4A	0.79 (3)	C11—H11	0.9800
Br1—C6	1.900 (3)	C12—C13	1.398 (4)
C5—C6	1.359 (4)	C12—C17	1.394 (4)
C5—C10	1.398 (4)	C13—C14	1.359 (4)

C5—H5	0.9300	C13—H13	0.9300
C6—C7	1.380 (5)	C14—C15	1.391 (5)
C7—C8	1.359 (5)	C14—H14	0.9300
C7—H7	0.9300	C16—C15	1.357 (5)
C8—C9	1.387 (4)	C16—C17	1.395 (4)
C8—H8	0.9300	C16—H16	0.9300
C9—O1	1.368 (4)	C15—H15	0.9300
O2—S1—O3	119.01 (14)	O4—C4—C10	123.3 (3)
O2—S1—N2	108.16 (14)	C3—C4—C10	114.2 (3)
O3—S1—N2	107.20 (14)	C2—C3—C4	120.3 (3)
O2—S1—C17	109.63 (15)	C2—C3—C11	122.8 (3)
O3—S1—C17	109.16 (14)	C4—C3—C11	117.0 (3)
N2—S1—C17	102.36 (14)	C3—C2—O1	125.2 (3)
C11—N2—S1	112.9 (2)	C3—C2—H2	117.4
C11—N2—H2A	111 (2)	O1—C2—H2	117.4
S1—N2—H2A	109 (2)	N4—C11—N2	110.3 (2)
C12—N4—C11	124.3 (2)	N4—C11—C3	109.6 (2)
C12—N4—H4A	115 (3)	N2—C11—C3	111.0 (3)
C11—N4—H4A	120 (3)	N4—C11—H11	108.6
C6—C5—C10	118.8 (3)	N2—C11—H11	108.6
C6—C5—H5	120.6	C3—C11—H11	108.6
C10—C5—H5	120.6	N4—C12—C13	120.5 (3)
C5—C6—C7	122.2 (3)	N4—C12—C17	122.6 (3)
C5—C6—Br1	119.4 (3)	C13—C12—C17	116.9 (3)
C7—C6—Br1	118.5 (2)	C14—C13—C12	121.3 (3)
C8—C7—C6	119.5 (3)	C14—C13—H13	119.4
C8—C7—H7	120.3	C12—C13—H13	119.4
C6—C7—H7	120.3	C13—C14—C15	121.4 (3)
C7—C8—C9	119.2 (3)	C13—C14—H14	119.3
C7—C8—H8	120.4	C15—C14—H14	119.3
C9—C8—H8	120.4	C15—C16—C17	120.8 (3)
O1—C9—C10	122.5 (3)	C15—C16—H16	119.6
O1—C9—C8	116.0 (3)	C17—C16—H16	119.6
C10—C9—C8	121.5 (3)	C16—C15—C14	118.5 (3)
C2—O1—C9	118.0 (2)	C16—C15—H15	120.7
C9—C10—C5	118.8 (3)	C14—C15—H15	120.7
C9—C10—C4	119.8 (3)	C16—C17—C12	121.0 (3)
C5—C10—C4	121.3 (3)	C16—C17—S1	120.5 (2)
O4—C4—C3	122.5 (3)	C12—C17—S1	118.4 (2)
O2—S1—N2—C11	61.9 (2)	C9—O1—C2—C3	-1.5 (5)
O3—S1—N2—C11	-168.6 (2)	C12—N4—C11—N2	-35.8 (4)
C17—S1—N2—C11	-53.8 (2)	C12—N4—C11—C3	-158.3 (3)
C10—C5—C6—C7	-2.0 (5)	S1—N2—C11—N4	61.6 (3)
C10—C5—C6—Br1	177.0 (2)	S1—N2—C11—C3	-176.8 (2)
C5—C6—C7—C8	1.9 (5)	C2—C3—C11—N4	114.2 (3)
Br1—C6—C7—C8	-177.2 (3)	C4—C3—C11—N4	-66.5 (3)
C6—C7—C8—C9	-0.9 (5)	C2—C3—C11—N2	-7.9 (4)
C7—C8—C9—O1	179.9 (3)	C4—C3—C11—N2	171.4 (2)

supplementary materials

C7—C8—C9—C10	0.1 (5)	C11—N4—C12—C13	-177.1 (3)
C10—C9—O1—C2	-0.4 (4)	C11—N4—C12—C17	5.6 (5)
C8—C9—O1—C2	179.7 (3)	N4—C12—C13—C14	-178.8 (3)
O1—C9—C10—C5	179.9 (3)	C17—C12—C13—C14	-1.4 (5)
C8—C9—C10—C5	-0.2 (5)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.9 (5)
O1—C9—C10—C4	2.1 (5)	C17—C16—C15—C14	-1.0 (5)
C8—C9—C10—C4	-178.0 (3)	C13—C14—C15—C16	0.3 (5)
C6—C5—C10—C9	1.2 (5)	C15—C16—C17—C12	0.5 (5)
C6—C5—C10—C4	179.0 (3)	C15—C16—C17—S1	-179.9 (3)
C9—C10—C4—O4	178.2 (3)	N4—C12—C17—C16	178.0 (3)
C5—C10—C4—O4	0.5 (5)	C13—C12—C17—C16	0.6 (5)
C9—C10—C4—C3	-2.0 (4)	N4—C12—C17—S1	-1.6 (4)
C5—C10—C4—C3	-179.7 (3)	C13—C12—C17—S1	-179.0 (2)
O4—C4—C3—C2	-179.9 (3)	O2—S1—C17—C16	89.7 (3)
C10—C4—C3—C2	0.3 (4)	O3—S1—C17—C16	-42.3 (3)
O4—C4—C3—C11	0.8 (4)	N2—S1—C17—C16	-155.7 (3)
C10—C4—C3—C11	-179.0 (3)	O2—S1—C17—C12	-90.7 (3)
C4—C3—C2—O1	1.4 (5)	O3—S1—C17—C12	137.3 (3)
C11—C3—C2—O1	-179.3 (3)	N2—S1—C17—C12	24.0 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N4—H4A \cdots O4	0.79 (3)	2.59 (3)	2.987 (3)	113 (3)
N4—H4A \cdots O3 ⁱ	0.79 (3)	2.23 (3)	2.999 (3)	164 (3)
C13—H13 \cdots O3 ⁱ	0.93	2.54 (1)	3.314 (4)	141 (1)
N2—H2A \cdots O2	0.84 (2)	2.67 (3)	3.222 (4)	124 (2)
C2—H2 \cdots O2	0.93	2.41 (1)	3.330 (4)	169 (1)
N2—H2A \cdots O4	0.84 (2)	2.12 (3)	2.903 (4)	154 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1, y, z$.

Fig. 1

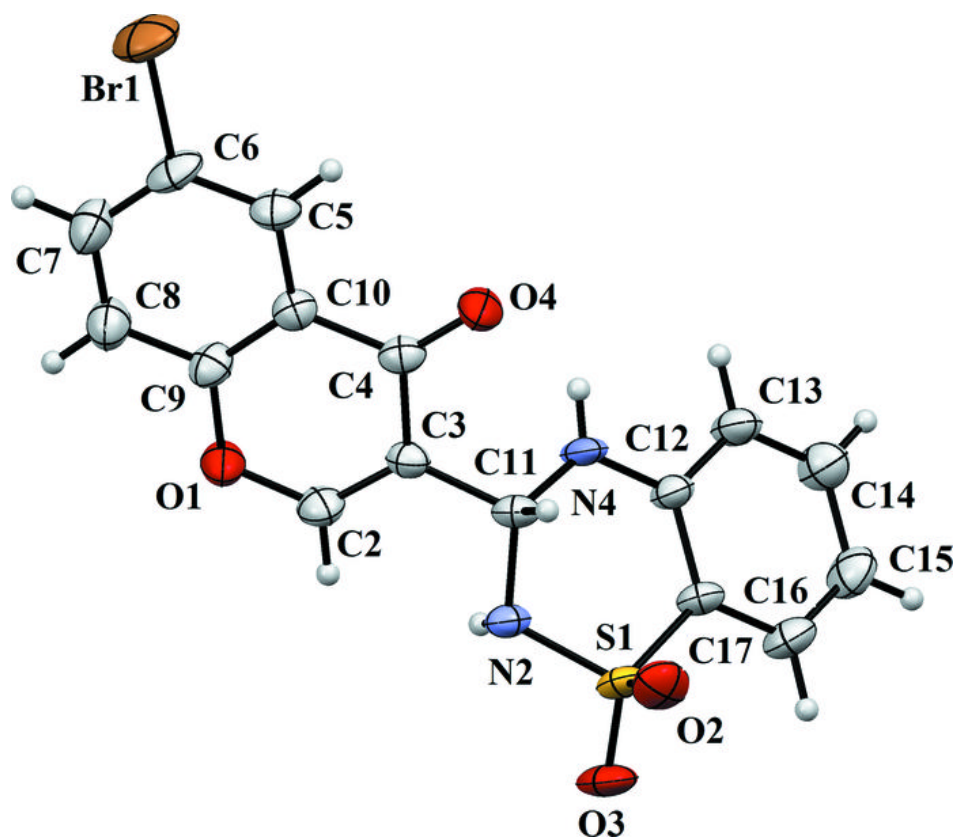


Fig. 2

